200400286

## THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

TO ALL TO WHOM THESE PRESENTS SHALL COME:

Virginia Jech Intellectual Properties, Inc.

THERE HAS BEEN PRESENTED TO THE

### Secretary of Agriculture

AN APPLICATION REQUESTING A CERTIFICATE OF PROTECTION FOR AN ALLEGED DISTINCT VARIETY OF SEXUALLY REPRODUCED, OR TUBER PROPAGATED PLANT, THE NAME AND DESCRIPTION OF WHICH ARE CONTAINED IN THE APPLICATION AND EXHIBITS, A COPY OF WHICH IS HEREUNTO ANNEXED AND MADE A PART HEREOF, AND THE VARIOUS REQUIREMENTS OF LAW IN SUCH CASES MADE AND PROVIDED HAVE BEEN COMPLIED WITH, AND THE TITLE THERETO IS, FROM THE RECORDS OF THE PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION OFFICE, IN THE APPLICANT(S) INDIGATED IN THE SAID COPY, AND WHEREAS, UPON DUE EXAMINATION MADE, THE SAID APPLICANT(S) IS (ARE) ADJUDGED TO BE ENTITLED TO A CERTIFICATE OF PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION UNDER THE LAW.

NOW, THEREFORE, THIS CERTIFICATE OF PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION IS TO GRANT UNTO THE SAID APPLICANT(S) AND THE SUCCESSORS, HEIRS OR ASSIGNS OF THE SAID APPLICANT(S) FOR THE TERM OF TWENTY YEARS FROM THE DATE OF THIS GRANT, SUBJECT TO THE PAYMENT OF THE REQUIRED FEES AND PERIODIC REPLENISHMENT OF VIABLE BASIC SEED OF THE VARIETY IN APUBLIC REPOSITORY AS PROVIDED BY LAW, THE RIGHT TO EXCLUDE OTHERS FROM SELLING THE VARIETY, OR OFFERING IT FOR SALE, OR REPRODUCING IT, OR ORTING IT, OR EXPORTING IT, OR CONDITIONING IT FOR PROPAGATION, OR STOCKING IT FOR ANY OF THE PURPOSE, OR CONDITIONING IT FOR PROPAGATION, OR STOCKING IT FOR ANY OF THE ABOVE OR USING IT IN PRODUCING A HYBRID OR DIFFERENT VARIETY THEREFROM, TO THE EXTENT BY THE PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION ACT. IN THE UNITED STATES SEED OF THIS VARIETY NUMBER ONLY AS A CLASS OF CERTIFIED SEED AND (2) SHALL CONFORM TO THE NUMBER OF THE RIGHTS. (84 STAT. 1542, AS AMENDED, 7 U.S.C. 2321 ET SEC.

WHEAT, COMMON

'Renwood 3260'

In Testimonn Morreof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the Mant Variety Arotection Office to be affixed at the City of Washington, D.C. this twenty-fourth day of March, in the year two thousand and five.

Atlest:

Commissioner
Plant Variety Protection Office
A. A. M. W. J. C.

Secretary of Agriculture

200400286

GENERAL: To be effectively filed with the Plant Variety Protection Office (PVPO), ALL of the following items must be received in the PVPO: (1) Completed application form signed by the owner; (2) completed exhibits A, B, C, E; (3) for a seed reproduced variety at least 2,500 viable untreated seeds, for a hybrid variety at least 2,500 untreated seeds of each line necessary to reproduce the variety, or for tuber reproduced varieties verification that a viable (in the sense that it will reproduce an entire plant) tissue culture will be deposited and maintained in an approved public repository; (4) check drawn on a U.S. bank for \$2,705 (\$320 filing fee and \$2,385 examination fee), payable to "Treasurer of the United States" (See Section 97.6 of the Regulations and Rules of Practice.) Partial applications will be held in the PVPO for not more than 90 days, then returned to the applicant as unfilled. Mail application and other requirements to Plant Variety Protection Office, AMS, USDA, Room 401, NAL Building, 10301 Baltimore Avenue, Beltsville, MD 20705-2351. Retain one copy for your files. All items on the face of the application are self explanatory unless noted below. Corrections on the application form and exhibits must be initialed and dated. DO NOT use masking materials to make corrections. If a certificate is allowed, you will be requested to send a check payable to "Treasurer of the United States" in the amount of \$320 for issuance of the certificate. Certificates will be issued to owner, not licensee or agent.

### Plant Variety Protection Office Telephone: (301) 504-5518 FAX: (301) 504-5291

Homepage: http://www.ams.usda.gov/science/pvpo/pvp.htm

### ITEM 18a. Give:

- (1) the genealogy, including public and commercial varieties, lines, or clones used, and the breeding method;
- (2) the details of subsequent stages of selection and multiplication;
- (3) evidence of uniformity and stability; and
- (4) the type and frequency of variants during reproduction and multiplication and state how these variants may be identified
- 18b. Give a summary of the variety's distinctness. Clearly state how this application variety may be distinguished from all other varieties in the same crop. If the new variety is most similar to one variety or a group of related varieties:
  - (1) identify these varieties and state all differences objectively;
  - (2) attach statistical data for characters expressed numerically and demonstrate that these are clear differences; and
  - (3) submit, if helpful, seed and plant specimens or photographs (prints) of seed and plant comparisons which clearly indicate distinctness.
- 18c. Exhibit C forms are available from the PVPO Office for most crops; specify crop kind. Fill in Exhibit C (Objective Description of Variety) form as completely as possible to describe your variety.
- 18d. Optional additional characteristics and/or photographs. Describe any additional characteristics that cannot be accurately conveyed in Exhibit C. Use comparative varieties as is necessary to reveal more accurately the characteristics that are difficult to describe, such as plant habit, plant color, disease resistance, etc.
- 18e. Section 52(5) of the Act requires applicants to furnish a statement of the basis of the applicant's ownership. An Exhibit E form is available from the PVPO.
- 19. If "Yes" is specified (seed of this variety be sold by variety name only, as a class of certified seed), the applicant MAY NOT reverse this affirmative decision after the variety has been sold and so labeled, the decision published, or the certificate issued. However, if "No" has been specified, the applicant may change the choice. (See Regulations and Rules of Practice, Section 97.103).
- 22. See Sections 41, 42, and 43 of the Act and Section 97.5 of the regulations for eligibility requirements.
- 23. See Section 55 of the Act for instructions on claiming the benefit of an earlier filing date.
- 21. CONTINUED FROM FRONT (Please provide a statement as to the limitation and sequence of generations that may be certified.)
- 22. CONTINUED FROM FRONT (Please provide the date of first sale, disposition, transfer, or use for each country and the circumstances, if the variety (including any harvested material) or a hybrid produced from this variety has been sold, disposed of, transferred, or used in the U.S. or other countries.)

A limited amount of Certified seed of Renwood 3260 was sold in the U.S. A. for the first time in October 2003.

23. CONTINUED FROM FRONT (Please give the country, date of filing or issuance, and assigned reference number, if the variety or any component of the variety is protected by intellectual property right (Plant Breeder's Right or Patent).)

NOTES: It is the responsibility of the applicant/owner to keep the PVPO informed of any changes of address or change of ownership or assignment or owner's representative during the life of the application/certificate. There is no charge for filing a change of address. The fee for filing a change of ownership or assignment or any modification of owner's name is specified in Section 97.175 of the regulations. (See Section 101 of the Act, and Sections 97.130, 97.131, 97.175(h) of the Regulations and Rules of Practice.)

To avoid conflict with other variety names in use, the applicant must check the appropriate recognized authority. For example, for agricultural and vegetable crops, contact: Seed Branch, AMS, USDA, Room 213, Building 306, Beltsville Agricultural Research Center-East, Beltsville, MD 20705. Telephone: (301) 504-8089. http://www.ams.usda.gov/lsg/seed.htm

According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, an agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number for this information collection is 0581-0055. The time required to complete this information collection is estimated to average 3.0 hours per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information.

The U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) prohibits discrimination in all its programs and activities on the basis of race, color, national origin, gender, religion, age, disability, sexual orientation, marital or family status, political beliefs, parental status, or protected genetic information. (Not all prohibited bases apply to all programs.) Persons with disabilities who require alternative means for communication of program information (Braille, large print, audiotape, etc.) should contact USDA's TARGET Center at 202-720-2600 (voice and TDD).

To file a complaint of discrimination, write USDA, Director, Office of Civil Rights, Room 326-W, Whitten Building, 14th and Independence Avenue, SW, Washington, DC 20250-9410 or call 202-720-5964 (voice and

### Renwood 3260 Wheat

### 18A. **Exhibit A: Origin and Breeding History**

Genealogy and Breeding Method. Renwood 3260 wheat variety, formerly designated VA96-54-326, was derived from the cross SC861562/'Coker 9803'. Parental line SC861562 has the parentage ASII/8\*'Chancellor'/2/'Doublecrop'/3/'Coker 747'/4/CItr 17352. This parental line was obtained from the 1988-89 USDA-ARS International Winter Wheat Mildew Nursery and used primarily as a source of resistance to powdery mildew. The cross was made in spring 1990, and the F<sub>1</sub> generation was grown in the field as a single 4ft headrow in 1991 to produce F<sub>2</sub> seed. The population was advanced from the F<sub>2</sub> to F<sub>4</sub> generation using a modified bulk breeding method.

Population Advancement and Selection of the Variety. Wheat spikes were selected from the population in each segregating generation (F<sub>2</sub>-F<sub>4</sub>) on the basis of absence of obvious disease, early maturity, short straw and desirable head shape and size. Selected spikes were threshed in bulk, and the seed was planted in 225ft<sup>2</sup> blocks in the fall of each year. Spikes selected from the F<sub>4</sub> bulk where threshed individually and planted in separate 4ft headrows at Warsaw, VA. The wheat line VA96-54-326, subsequently released as Renwood 3260, was derived as a bulk of one of these F<sub>5</sub> headrows selected in 1995. The line was tested as entry 326 in non-replicated observation yield tests in 1996 and was designated VA96-54-326. Renwood 3260 was evaluated in replicated yield tests in Virginia's Official Variety Trials from 1997 to 1999 (Tables 1-3), in regional trials conducted in NC, VA, MD, and KY in 1998-99 (Tables 4-5), and in the USDA Uniform Soft Red Winter Wheat Nursery in 1998-99 (Data publicly available but not presented here).

Multiplication and Purification. Initial Breeder seed of Renwood 3260 was developed during the 1998-99 season via removal of visually recognizable variant plants from a 9000 ft<sup>2</sup> F<sub>9</sub> seed increase block. Breeder seed harvested in bulk from this block was planted on 3 acres at the VCIA Foundation Seed Farm in Mt. Holly, VA during fall 2000, and produced approximately 200 bushels of Foundation seed. While Renwood 3260 remained stable and uniform in composition through these two generations of multiplication, the initial Breeder seed contained up to 0.5% taller plants, 0.5% plants with fully-awned spikes, 0.5% plants having purple colored straw at physiological maturity, and 0.5% later heading plants having strap (blocky) heads.

Development of a purer source of Renwood 3260 Breeder seed was initiated in fall 1999. In an isolation block, 280 F<sub>10</sub> headrows, derived from individual spikes of Renwood 3260, were planted and evaluated several times during the growing season for purity, homogeneity, and trueness of type. Variant rows were removed and the remaining 213 selected rows were harvested in bulk to form a new source of Breeder seed, which was provided to the VCIA Foundation Seed Farm in fall 2000.

the following Variants... per phone Conversation AMH 9/29/04

### 18B. Exhibit B: Novelty Statement

Renwood 3260 wheat is uniquely different from all known cultivars which it has been tested among, but is most similar to 'Sisson' (VA96W-250) wheat which shares 'Coker 9803' as a common parent. Sisson possesses the 1BL.1RS wheat/rye translocation and, therefore, has gene Lr26 for leaf rust (Puccinia triticina) resistance and gene Pm8 for powdery mildew resistance (Blumeria graminis), while Renwood 3260 lacks both the translocation and genes Lr26 and Pm8. On the basis of tests conducted by the USDA-ARS Cereal Disease Lab, St. Paul, MN, seedlings of Sisson are resistant to leaf rust races that lack virulence for gene Lr26 such as LBBQ (virulence for genes Lr1, 10, 18), TDGL (Lr 1, 2a, 2c, 3, 10, 11, 24), and FLML (Lr 2c, 3, 3ka, 9, 10, 30), while seedlings of Renwood 3260 are susceptible to these races. In greenhouse tests conducted in 1996 and 1998 at Virginia Tech, seedlings of Sisson were susceptible (score of 3 on a 0=Resistant to 4=Susceptible) to composites of mildew isolates having virulence to gene Pm8, while seedlings of Renwood 3260 (score =0) were highly resistant. In seedling tests conducted by USDA-ARS Plant Science Research Unit at Raleigh, NC, Renwood 3260 expressed resistance to all isolates (11 tested) having virulence for gene Pm8. Renwood 3260 and Sisson also differ on the basis of key plant descriptors (Exhibit C). Flag leaves of Renwood 3260 are recurved at booting, while those of Sisson are erect. Glumes of Renwood 3260 are medium in both length and width, while those of Sisson are long for both. Beaks of Renwood 3260 are acute, while those of Sisson are obtuse. Seed of Renwood 3260 has a medium brush and the phenol reaction is predominantly dark brown; whereas, seed of Sisson have a long brush and exhibit a fawn phenol reaction.

REPRODUCE LOCALLY. Include form number and date on all reproductions.

According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, an agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. The valid OMB control number for this information collection is 0581-0055. The time required to complete this information collection is estimated to average 2.5 hours per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information.

The U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) prohibits discrimination in all its programs and activities on the basis of race, color, national origin, gender, religion, age, disability, sexual orientation, martial or family status, political beliefs, parental status, or protected genetic information. (Not all prohibited bases apply to all programs.) Persons with disabilities who require alternative means for communication of program information (Brailte, targe print, audiotape, etc.) should contact USDA?s TARGET Center at 202-720-2600 (voice and 7DD).

To file a complaint of discrimination, write USDA, Director, Office of Civil Rights, Room 326-W, Whitten Bullding, 14th and Independence Avenue, SW, Washington, DC 20250-9410 or cell 202-720-5964 (voice and TDD). USDA is an equal opportunity provider and employer.

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AGRICULTURAL MARKETING SERVICE SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION OFFICE **BELTSVILLE, MD 20705** 

### **OBJECTIVE DESCRIPTION OF VARIETY** WHEAT (Triticum spp.)

NAME OF APPLICANT(S)		FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY
Virginia Tech Intellectual Properties,	Inc.	PVPO NUMBER 2 0 0 4 0 0 2 8 6
ADDRESS (Street and No., or RD No., City, State, and Zip Code)		200400286
1872 Pratt Drive, Suite 1625		VARIETY NAME
Blacksburg, VA 24060	·	Renwood 3260
		TEMPORARY OR EXPERIMENTAL DESIGNATION VA96-54-326
PLEASE READ ALL INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY: Place the appropriate a zero in the first box (e.g. 0 9 9 or 0 9) when number is eit minimum of 100 plants. Comparative data should be determined from varies to determine plant colors; designate system used:  Plea	her 99 or less or 9 or less respecties entered in the same trial.	ectively. Data for quantitative plant characters should be based on a
. KIND:	2. VERNALIZ	ATION:
1=Common 2=Durum 3=Club 4=Other (SPECIFY):	2 1=Sprin 2=Wint 3=Other	
COLEOPTILE ANTHOCYANIN:	4. JUVENILE	PLANT GROWTH:
1 = Absent 2 = Present	2 1 = Pr	ostrate 2 = Semi-erect 3 = Erect
. PLANT COLOR (boot stage):	6. FLAG LEAF	(boot stage):
2 1 = Yellow-Green 2 = Green	2 1 = Erec 2 = Recu	
3 = Blue-Green	1 = Not 2 = Twis	
	2 1 = Wax 2 = Wax	
EAR EMERGENCE:		
1 2 0 Number of Days (Average)		
Number of Days Earlier Than Jack	son	*
Same as		*

### B. SHAPE

1 ≈ Tapering 2 = Strap

3 = Clavate

4 = Other (SPECIFY):

### D. AWNEDNESS

1 = Awnless

2 = Apically Awnletted

3 = Awnletted

4 = Awned

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12. GLUM	IES (at Mat	urity):						9	<i>4</i> 0	A	Ø.	A 4	9	<i>5</i> ) (	<b>D</b> 4	2
A. COLOR	R				E. B	EAK WIDTE	1	Æ.	V			U	g i	2	J (	Ŋ
2=	White Tan Other (SPE	CIFY): crea	am to yello	, DW		1 = Narrov 2 = Mediu 3 = Wide										
B. SHOUL	DER				F. G	LUME LENC	SТН								•	·
3=] 5=]	Wanting Rounded Elevated Other (SPE	2 = Oblique 4 = Square 6 = Apiculate CIFY):			2	1 = Short ( 2 = Mediu 3 = Long (d	m (ca. 8mm)			-						
C. SHOULI	DER WIDT	<b>H</b>			G. W	IDTH			-							
	Narrow Medium Wide				2	1 = Narrow 2 = Medius 3 = Wide (	m (ca. 3.5mm	)				-				
D. BEAK																ě
2=A	Obtuse Acute Acuminate															•
13. SEED						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	'			····						
A. SHAPE				]	E. CO	LOR										
1 = O 2 = O 3 = El					3	1 = White 2 = Amber 3 = Red 4 = Other (S	PECIFY):									
в. снеек		·		F	. TE	XTURE										
1 = Ro 2 = An	ounded igular			[		1 = Hard 2 = Soft 3 = Other (S	PECIFY):					····		·····		
C. BRUSH				•	G. PH	ENOL REAC	CTION (see i	nstru	ctio	ns):						
2 1 = Sho 2 = Me 3 = Loi	edium		1 = Not Colla 2 = Collared	red [	1,4	1 = Ivory 2 = Fawn 3 = Light Br 33% Ivor	<b>∙own</b> y, 67% Da	4=] 5=] rk	Blac	k				į		
D. CREASE		•		.1	H. SEI	ED WEIGHT			٠		-					
2 = Wic	dth 80% or l	less of Kernel less of Kernel s Wide as Ker	nel	• [	3 2	g/1000 see	d (Whole nu	mbe	r on	ly)						
2 = Dep	oth 35% or l	ess of Kernel ess of Kernel ess of Kernel		[	1	RM SIZE  1 = Small 2 = Midsize 3 = Large			٠		-					

14.	Disease:	(0=Not Tested;	1=Susceptible;	2=Resistant;	
		PLEA	SE INDICATE	THE SPECIFIC	RACE OR STRAIN TESTED 200400286
2		<i>(Puccinia gramini</i> ГНЈ, ТРМК	s f. sp. <i>tritici)</i>	1	Leaf Rust (Puccinia recondita f. sp. tritici) FLML, LBBQ, MCDL, MCRQ, TNRJ
0	Stripe Rus	t (Puccinia striifori	mis)	0	Loose Smut (Ustilago tritici)
3	Tan Spot	Pyrenophora tritici	-repentis)	0	Flag Smut (Urocystis agropyri)
0	Halo Spot	(Selenophoma doni	acis)	0	Common Bunt (Tilletia tritici or T. laevis)
3	Septoria no	dorum (Glume Blo	otch)	0	Dwarf Bunt (Tilletia controversa)
0	Septoria ave	enae (Speckled Le	af Disease)	0	Karnal Bunt (Tilletia indica)
1	Septoria trit	tici (Speckled Leaf	Blotch)	2	Powdery Mildew (Erysiphe graminis f. sp. tritici)
4	Scab (Fusa	rium spp.)		0	"Snow Molds"
Ō	"Black Poir	nt" (Kernel Smudg	e)	0	Common Root Rot (Fusarium, Cochliobolus and Bipolaris spp.)
3	Barley Yelle	ow Dwarf Virus (B	SYDV)	3	Rhizoctonia Root Rot (Rhizoctonia solani)
3	Soilborne M	Iosaic Virus (SBM	<b>(V)</b>	3	Black Chaff (Xanthomonas campestris pv. translucens)
3	Wheat Yello	ow (Spindle Streak)	Mosaic Virus	0	Bacterial Leaf Blight (Pseudomonas syringae pv. syringae)
0	Wheat Strea	sk Mosaic Virus (V	VSMV)		Other (SPECIFY)
	Other (SPE	CIFY)	· .		Other (SPECIFY)
	Other (SPE	CIFY)			Other (SPECIFY)
	Other (SPE	CIFY)	·		Other (SPECIFY)
15. IN	SECT:	(0=Not Tested;	l=Susceptible;	2=Resistant;	3=Intermediate; 4=Tolerant)
			PLEASE SPI	ECIFY BIOTYI	PE (where needed)
1	•	<i>(Mayetiola destruct</i> GP, B, C, D,	=		Other (SPECIFY)
o	Stem Sawfly	(Cephus spp.)			Other (SPECIFY)
1	Cereal Leaf l	Beetle <i>(Oulema me</i>	lanopa)		Other (SPECIFY)
0	Russian Aphi	ld <i>(Diuraphis nox</i> a	ia)		Other (SPECIFY)

		<del> </del>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			·			Exhibit	C (Wheat	<u> </u>
15. I	NSECT: Continued	(0=Not Tested;	1=Susceptible;	2=Resis	tant;	3=Intermediate;	4=Tolera	ant)			
		l	PLEASE SPECIFY	BIOTYP	E (whe	re needed)	200	40	02	86	
0	Greenbug (Schiza	phis graminum)			Other	(SPECIFY)	0,53			<del></del>	
0	Aphids				Other	(SPECIFY)		<del></del>	·····		
16 A1	DDITIONAL INFOR	DATA TION ON A	TEZ KONORAL A KRANEZEN	OD CEL	TERM A F	COMMENTS		* *			_

### Renwood 3260 Wheat

### 18D. Exhibit D: Additional Description of the Variety

Renwood 3260 is an early heading, medium height, awnleted, soft red winter wheat with a high test weight and moderately strong gluten strength. Head emergence and plant height (37 inches) of Renwood 3260 are similar to those of 'Pioneer 2580' (Tables 1-3). Straw strength of Renwood 3260 is moderately good and better than that of 'Jackson'. In the 1998-1999 Uniform Southern Soft Red Winter Wheat Nursery (99USSRWWN), Renwood 3260 had a mean lodging score (0 = none to 9 = severe) of 1.6 compared to 4.1 for 'Coker 9835'. averaged over six locations where lodging was significant. Grain yield of Renwood 3260 is similar to that of Pioneer 2580, and test weight is similar to or higher than that of Jackson. Based on very limited data (99USSRWWN), winter-hardiness of Renwood 3260 likely is moderate and most similar to that of Coker 9835 with both varieties having average survival scores (65-66%). Milling and pastry baking quality (Tables 6 and 7) of Renwood 3260 is most similar to that of Jackson. However, protein of Renwood 3260 is unique in that it has strong gluten strength, which is desirable for production of crackers and certain bread products. While protein concentration of Sisson (VA96W-250) in Figure 1 (10.36%) and Renwood 3260 (10.73%) in Figure 2 do not differ greatly, Renwood 3260 has much stronger gluten strength on the basis of mixograph number (143) than Sisson (80.8).

Renwood 3260 is resistant to powdery mildew (Tables 1-4). In seedling tests of entries evaluated in the 1998-99USSRWWN, this line was resistant to 13 of 14 isolates of *Blumeria graminis*. Reaction of Renwood 3260 to leaf rust (*Puccinia triticina*) has varied from moderately resistant to susceptible depending on the races prevalent (Tables 1-4). On the basis of seedling tests conducted at the USDA-ARS Cereal Disease Lab in St. Paul, MN, Renwood 3260 has genes *Sr*6 and *Sr*36 for stem rust (*Puccinia graminis*) resistance and expressed resistance to races QKCS, RTHJ and TPMK. Renwood 3260 is moderately resistant to *barley yellow dwarf virus* and glume blotch (*Septoria* nodorum). In seedling tests conducted at Purdue University by USDA-ARS, Renwood 3260 was susceptible to Hessian fly [*Mayetiola destructor* (Say)] biotypes GP, B, C, D, E and L.

Table 1. Summary of performance of VA96-54-326 in the Virginia Tech Wheat Test, 1999 harvest.\*

		Test	Date	-	Lodg-	Powdery	Leaf		Barley Yellow
Brand/Variety	Yield	Weight	Headed	Height	ing**	_	Rust	Septoria	
	(Bu/A)	(Lb)	(Mar 31+)	) (In)	(0.2-10)		<del> (</del> 0-	·9) <b>* —</b>	
	(6)	(6)	(3)	(3)	(2)	(2)	(3)	(2)	(2)
PIONEER 2580	77	57.6	33	37	0.7	2	4	3	2
JACKSON	83	59.3	37	40	2.9	3	4	2	2
COKER 9835	78	57.5	35	35	3.0	2	7	. 2	2
FFR 555W	69	57.7	40	37	0.6	5	5	2	4
VA96-54-326	77	59.3	34	38	1.4	1	3	2	1
VA96W-247	80	58.2	38	35	1.8	1	1	3	3
VA96W-250	84	58.4	36	36	2.6	2	2	2	. 2
VA96W-158	84	58.3	32	38	1.9	1	4	4	3
VA96W-270	68	57.6	35	38	0.5	1	3	2	1
Average	75	58.1	36	38	1.3	2	3	3	2
LSD (0.05)	4	0.4	1	1	1.0	1	1_	1	1

<sup>\*</sup> The number in parentheses below column headings indicates the number of locations on which data are based. A plus or minus sign indicates a performance significantly above or below the test average, respectively.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Belgian Lodging Scale = Area x Intensity x 0.2. Area = 1-10, where 1 is wheat unaffected and 10 is entire plot affected and Intensity = 1-5, where 1 is wheat standing upright and 5 is wheat lying totally flat.

The 0-9 ratings indicate relative disease intensity where 0=none and 9=total plant infection.

Table 2. Summary of performance of VA96-54-326 in the Virginia Tech Wheat Test, 1998 harvest.\*

Brand/Variety	Yield (Bu/A)	Test Weight (Lb)	Date Headed (Mar 31+	_	_			Septoria
	(7)	(7)	(4)	(3)	(6)	(1)	(1)	(1)
PIONEER 2580	76	54.7	25	38	1.1	. 1	6	5
JACKSON	73	56.1	28	38	4.7	4	6	4
FFR 555-B	73	54.7	29	39	0.8	7	8	5
COKER 9835	69	53.6	28	35	1.8	4	6	5
VA96-54-326	74	56.6	25	37	3.3	1	8	5
VA96W-247	80	55.6	27	37	2.8	2	4	3
VA96W-250	80	55.8	26	34	3.6	1	4	4
Average	75	55.3	27	37	2.6	3	6	4
LSD (0.05)	3	0.6	1	1	0.8	1	2	1

<sup>\*</sup> The number in parentheses below column headings indicates the number of locations on which data are based. A plus or minus sign indicates a performance significantly above or below the test average, respectively.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Belgian Lodging Scale = Area x Intensity x 0.2. Area = 1-10, where 1 is wheat unaffected and 10 is entire plot affected and Intensity = 1-5, where 1 is wheat standing upright and 5 is wheat lying totally flat.

<sup>\*</sup> The 0-9 ratings indicate relative disease intensity where 0=none and 9=total plant infection.

Table 3. Summary of performance of VA96-54-326 in the Virginia Tech Wheat Test, 1997 harvest.\*

Brand/Variety	Yield (Bu/A)	Test Weight (Lb)	Date Headed (Mar 31+	_	Powdery Mildew	Leaf Rust — (0-9	Septoria	Barley Yellow Dwarf
	(6)	(6)	(4)	(3)	(3)	(3)	(1)	(2)
PIONEER 2580	81	59.9	32	36	. 1	3	1	3
JACKSON	80	61.0	34	38	1	4	1	2
<b>COKER 9835</b>	77	59.4	35	33	2	2	1	-3
FFR 555W	76	59.6	35	37	4	5	2	2
VA96-54-326	<b>7</b> 9	61.4	31	37	0	3	1	1
Average	78	60.3	33	36	2	3	1	2
LSD (0.05)	4	0.3	1	1	1	2	1	1

<sup>\*</sup> The number in parentheses below column headings indicates the number of locations on which data are based. A plus or minus sign indicates a performance significantly above or below the test average, respectively.

<sup>\*</sup>The 0-9 ratings indicate relative disease intensity where 0=none and 9=total plant infection.

Table 4. Summary of performance of VA96-54-326 in the 1998-99 Uniform Mason-Dixon Wheat Test.

		Test	Date			Powdery		ı	Leaf	
Line	Yield	Weight	Headed	Height	Lodging	Mildew	Winter Kill	$BYDV^4$	Rust	Septoria
	(Bu/A)	(lbs./Bu)	(Mar 31+)	(in.)	$(0.2 - 10)^2$	$(0-0)^3$	(6-0)		(6-0)	(6 <u>-</u> 0)
	(2)	(2)	(2)	3	(2)	3	Ξ		Ξ	Ξ
Pioneer 2580	87	59.2	33	36	0.2	0	3	2	2	2
Coker 9663	82	8.09	33	4	5.0		m	1	0	7
Agripro Foster	78	59.8	37	37	0.2	7	7	m	c.	6
Roane	68	62.3	38	35	3.0	0	0	7		-
VA96-54-326	89	61.0	32	38	5.0	0	9	1	7	2
VA96W-247	102	60.3	35	35	0.2	0	0	7	7	7
VA96W-158	94	59.8	30	37	0.2	0	4	7	3	2
VA96W-270	79	29.7	. 33	37	0.2	0	0	т	7	m
LSD (0.05) <sup>5</sup>	7	1:0	1		9.0	0.7	_	1	-	-
Test Average <sup>6</sup>	08	60.1	34	36	0.5	_	2	7	1	7
The number in narentheses indicates the number of	narenthecec is	ndicates the min	. —	ocations mon which data are based	ata are hased T	his table reflect	This table reflects results only from the Blackshurg VA and Warsaw	m the Blacks	uro VA	nd Warsaw

The number in parentheses indicates the number of locations upon which data are based. This table reflects results only from the Blacksburg, VA, and Warsaw, VA, research sites. The test was also conducted in Maryland, Kentucky, and North Carolina.

Belgian lodging scale = area x intensity x 0.2. Area is rated on a scale from 1 (plot unaffected) to 10 (entire plot affected). Intensity is rated on a scale from 5 plants standing upright) to 5 (plants lying totally flat).

All 0-9 ratings indicate relative disease severity: 0 = no disease present; 9 = total infestation of the plant by the disease.

Barley yellow dwarf virus.

<sup>5</sup> Overall LSD values for all 84 entries in the test.

<sup>6</sup> Test average for Virginia locations only.

Table 5. Grain Yields of VA96-54-326 tested at seven locations in four states in the 1998-99 Uniform Mason-Dixon Wheat Test.

		Logan						1
Line	Lexington, KY	County, KY	Wye, MD	Beltsville, MD	Plymouth, NC	Blacksburg, VA	Warsaw, VA	Overall (7)
				Yie	Yield (Bu/A)			
Pioneer 2580	51	95	74	79	50	66	75	9%
Coker 9663	50	97	89	72	62	76		5.6
Foster	45	102	29	92	43	6	\$5	i 6
Roane	59	77	73	73	20	103	3.5	3 6
VA96-54-326	49	92	80	74	58	95	8	, k
VA96W-247	44	86	79	80	46	117	<b>3</b> %	ξ
VA96W-158	51	102	87	73	51	103	y	, 6 <sup>2</sup>
VA96W-270	46	90	89	70	47	98	22	88
LSD $(0.05)^{1}$	10	16	ø	10	œ	7 .	11	4
Test Avg.	48	98	89	69	49	96	2	69
Overall LSD v	Overall LSD values for all 84 entries in the test	es in the test.						

Table 6. Milling and baking quality of VA96-54-326 wheat: 1998 crop

Entry	Milling		Baking		Adj.	Protein	AWRC	Softness
	quality		quality		flour	%		equiv.
	score		score	٠	yield			
;	3		1		%	•		district and selections
Massey (standard)	100.0	4	100.0	A	73.6	10.1	54.4	55.0
FFR555W-B	101.8	⋖	100.9	V	74.2	9.1	53.7	54.7
Pioneer 2580-B	94.6	ပ	98.8	മ	72.0**	8.6	55.3	55.2
Jackson	95.8	മ	97.3	മ	72.3*	9.7	26.7	56.0
Coker 9835-D	96.2	മ	100.2	4	72.5*	8.7	57.3*	60.4
Coker 9663	97.1	മ	87.7	Δ	72.7	9.6	57.2	48.7
VA96-54-326	99.8	മ	97.1	മ	73.6	10.0	55.5	54.1
VA96W-247	94.9	മ	94.4	ပ	72.1*	8.4	57.4*	54.5
VA96W-250	96.9	മ	91.8	ပ	72.7*	9.3	57.0*	51.8*

\*Score is one standard deviation away from the standard cultivar's score. \*\*Score is two standard deviations away from the standard cutlivar's score.

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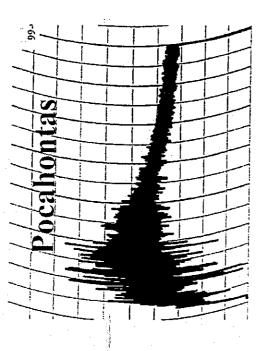
Table 7. Milling and baking quality of VA96-54-326 wheat: 1997 crop

Entry	Milling		Baking		Adi	Protein	1	
	quality		quality		flour	%	%	equiv.
	score		score		yield %			
Madison (standard)	100.0	V	100.0	⋖	71.8	8.8	56.8	48.5
Massey	98.3	മ	102.4	⋖	71.2	ි ග	57.7	51.3
FFR555W	103.7	٧	103.5	<	72.8	9 6	56.4	50.5
Pion, 2580	94.2	ပ	90.6	ပ	70.07	, p	60.4*	45.9*
Jackson	96.8	Ф	102.5	⋖	70.8*	0.7	58.2	52.0
Coker 9835	96.6	ш	100.7	<	70.8*	0.8	59.5	1 K
Coker 9663	96.6	മ	91.1	ပ	70.7*	* တ	59.0	44 6*
VA96-54-326	102.8	⋖	96.4	Ω	72.6	*/ 6	58.6	48.0

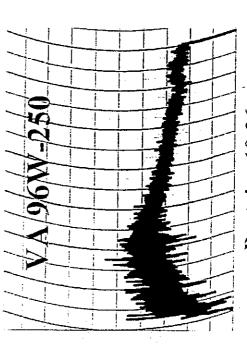
\*Score is one standard deviation away from the standard cultivar's score.
\*\*Score is two standard deviations away from the standard cutlivar's score.

FIGURE 1. MIXOGRAPH CURVES OF SOME WEAK GLUTEN WHEAT LINES: MIXO NO. LESS THAN 100 INDICATES WEAK GLUTEN

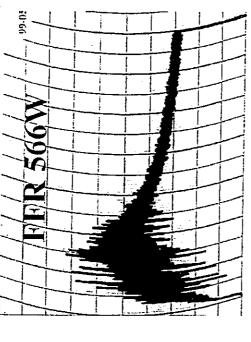
## Weak Gluten



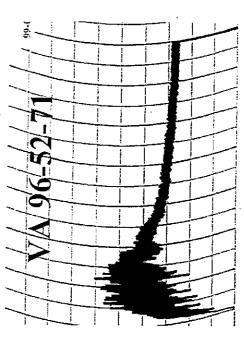
Mixo No.: 88.2 **Protein: 10.38** 



Mixo No.: 80.8 **Protein: 10.36** 



Mixo No.: 83.2 Protein: 10.61

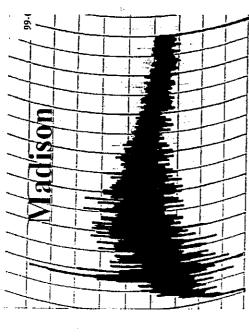


Protein: 9.94

Mixo No.: 56.9

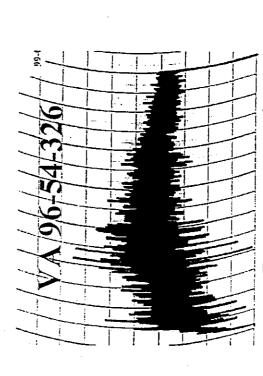
MIXOGRAPH CURVES OF SOME MEDIUM-STRENGTH GLUTEN WHEAT LINES: MIXO NO. GREATER THAN 100 INDICATES STRONGER GLUTEN STRENGTH FIGURE 2.

# Medium Gluten

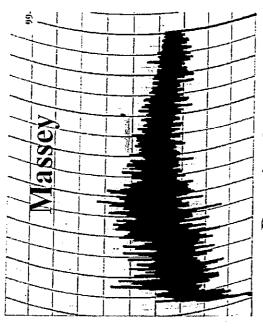


Protein: 9.08

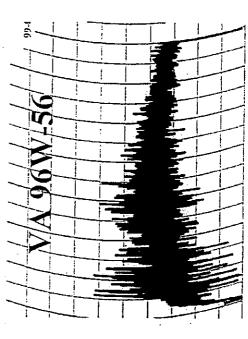
Mixo No.: 98.2



Protein: 10.73 Mixo No.: 143



Protein: 9.58 Mixo No.: 126



Protein: 8.47 Mixo No.: 102

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NAME OF APPLICANT(S)  Virginia Tech Intellectual Properties, Inc.	2. TEMPORARY DESIGNATION OR EXPERIMENTAL NUMBER	3. VARIETY NAME Renwood 3260
	VA96-54-326	11000 0200
4. ADDRESS (Street and No., or R.F.D. No., City, State, and ZIP, and Country)	5. TELEPHONE (Include area code)	6. FAX (Include area code)
1872 Pratt Drive Suite 1625	540-951-9374	540-951-5292
Blacksburg, VA 24060	7. PVPO NUMBER	0400286
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10. Is the applicant the original owner?	X NO If no, please answer <u>one</u>	of the following:
a. If the original rights to variety were owned by individual(s), is  YES  YES	(are) the original owner(s) a U.S. Nation  NO If no, give name of country	
b. If the original rights to variety were owned by a company(ies X YES	NO If no, give name of country	
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If the rights to the variety are owned by the original breeder, that pational of a country which affords similar protection to nationals of the country which affords similar protection to nationals of the country which affords similar protection to nationals of the country which affords similar protection to nationals of the country which affords similar protection to nationals.		
<ol><li>If the rights to the variety are owned by the company which emplo nationals of a UPOV member country, or owned by nationals of a genus and species.</li></ol>	oyed the original breeder(s), the company country which affords similar protection	y must be U.S. based, owned by to nationals of the U.S. for the same
3. If the applicant is an owner who is not the original owner, both the	e original owner and the applicant must m	neet one of the above criteria.
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